

AXIS critical Appraisal of cross sectional Studies

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Critical appraisal

Systematic evaluation of clinical research to examine

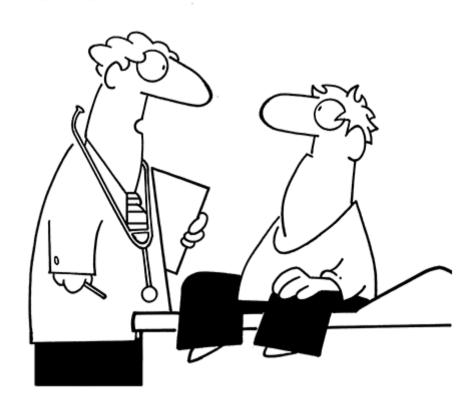
- Trustworthiness.
 - Valid methods and reporting
 - Clear question addressed
- Value.
 - Are the results important
- Relevance.
 - applicable population, clinical setting, etc.



Critical appraisal

- Central to undertaking evidence based practice which is concerned with
 - Integrating the best external evidence with clinical care.
 - Central role in the interpretation and dissemination of research for evidence based practice.
 - Helps understanding the outcomes of research publication

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"Yes, garlic and herbs can improve your cholesterol...but not garlic and herb potato chips."



Evidence Gap

- A number of well developed appraisal tools assessing the quality of intervention observation studies; including cohort and case control studies,
- Lack of an appraisal tool specifically aimed at cross sectional studies.



Aim

- The aim of this study was to develop a critical appraisal tool that addressed study design quality and risk of bias in cross sectional studies.
- With an accompanying easy to use explanatory document
 - help enhance knowledge and
 - impart skills required to conduct a critical appraisal



Methods

- Broad areas were identified
- Using a scoping review and key epidemiological texts.
- Tested and further developed before Delphi
- Examined and further developed using a Delphi process.



Delphi study

Rome did not create a great empire by having meetings, they did it by killing all those who opposed them



Methods

 The contents were agreed on based on 80% consensus





Results

- Started with > 30 areas of interest
- 18 recruited for Delphi panel
- 3 rounds of consensus were carried
- Ended with a 20 item questionaire



Results

- The Appraisal tool for Cross-Sectional Studies (AXIS) was developed
 - 20 point questionnaire that addressed study quality and reporting.
 - Key areas addressed in the AXIS include
 - Study Design, Sample Size Justification,
 Target Population, Sampling Frame, Sample
 Selection, Measurement Validity & Reliability,
 and Overall Methods.

	Question	Yes	No	Com		
<u>Introduction</u>						
1	Were the aims/objectives of the study clear?					
Met l	<mark>hods</mark>					
2	Was the study design appropriate for the stated aim(s)?					
3	Was the sample size justified?					
4	Was the target/reference population clearly defined? (Is it clear who the research was about?)					
5	Was the sample frame taken from an appropriate population base so that it closely represented the					
၁	target/reference population under investigation?					
6	Was the selection process likely to select subjects/participants that were representative of the					
· ·	target/reference population under investigation?					
7	Were measures undertaken to address and categorise non-responders?					
8	Were the risk factor and outcome variables measured appropriate to the aims of the study?					
9	Were the risk factor and outcome variables measured correctly using instruments/measurements that had					
	been trialled, piloted or published previously?					
10	Is it clear what was used to determined statistical significance and/or precision estimates? (e.g. p-values,					
10	confidence intervals)					
11	Were the methods (including statistical methods) sufficiently described to enable them to be repeated?					
Res	<u>ults</u>					
12	Were the basic data adequately described?					
13	Does the response rate raise concerns about non-response bias?					
14	If appropriate, was information about non-responders described?					
15	Were the results internally consistent?					
16	Were the results presented for all the analyses described in the methods?					
Disc	<mark>cussion</mark>					
17	Were the authors' discussions and conclusions justified by the results?					
18	Were the limitations of the study discussed?					
Oth	e <mark>r</mark>					
19	Were there any funding sources or conflicts of interest that may affect the authors' interpretation of the					
19	results?					

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- Detailed explanatory document provided with the tool
- Expanded explanation of each question
- The AXIS tool is intended to be an organic item that can change and improve where required, based on user feedback.
- In use by a number of researchers





